



U.S. Concrete Announces Second Quarter 2018 Results

August 7, 2018

EULESS, Texas, Aug. 7, 2018 /PRNewswire/ -- U.S. Concrete, Inc. (NASDAQ: USCR), a leading producer of construction materials in select major markets across the United States, today reported results for the quarter ended June 30, 2018.

SECOND QUARTER 2018 HIGHLIGHTS COMPARED TO SECOND QUARTER 2017

- Consolidated revenue increased 18.6% to \$404.2 million, an all-time quarterly high
- Ready-mixed concrete revenue increased 12.9% to \$350.0 million, an all-time quarterly high
- Ready-mixed concrete organic volume grew by 5%
- Aggregate products revenue increased 113.1% to \$48.5 million, an all-time quarterly high
- Polaris recorded revenue and volume of \$22.5 million and 1.3 million tons, respectively, both all-time quarterly highs
- Income from continuing operations was \$16.3 million, an increase of \$18.5 million
- Total Adjusted EBITDA increased 8.9% to \$57.7 million¹, an all-time quarterly high
- Net income per diluted share of \$0.99 compares to a net loss per diluted share of \$0.15
- Ready-mixed concrete backlog increased 9.8% to an all-time high of 8.3 million cubic yards

¹ Total Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. Please refer to the reconciliation and other information at the end of this press release.

William J. Sandbrook, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of U.S. Concrete stated, "We are very pleased to report record results for the second quarter, including all-time quarterly highs in volumes, revenue, Adjusted EBITDA and backlog. We believe our second quarter results reflect favorably on the underlying demand environment in each of our markets.

"We continue to be excited about the opportunities available to us for growth and margin expansion as we fully integrate our recent acquisitions, improve operational efficiencies and capitalize on operating leverage provided by higher volumes. Our Polaris Materials acquisition is generating significant returns and facilitating the vertical integration of our Northern California operations through just two full quarters under our ownership. Polaris's operational and financial results have exceeded our initial expectations. With Polaris and other recent acquisitions, we have more than doubled our aggregate revenue and volumes during the past 15 months. Our year-to-date total aggregate products revenue, including internally managed hauling and distribution operations, now represents more than 15% of total revenue and should represent close to 20% of revenue after these acquisitions have contributed to our results for a full 12 months. Additionally, the end market diversification provided by the growth in our aggregate products segment and the resiliency in aggregates pricing further strengthens our financial position.

"We continued to see ready-mixed concrete price increases in most of our major markets despite a lower average sales price. The lower average sales price reflects a shift in mix, as opposed to lower pricing. More specifically, individual customer and project level pricing on organic volumes have increased in the overwhelming majority of our regions. In New York City, we re-negotiated our union labor contracts to increase our competitiveness in the non-union market where we were previously cost disadvantaged. This market expansion, while very positive in the long-term, creates a shift in product mix reducing our average sales price. Additionally, with a full quarter contribution from our recent Golden Spread acquisition, our growth in the lower-priced Texas market exceeded that of our other regions, further reducing our average sales price. However, even after considering these regional mix dynamics, our year-to-date average sales price has still increased year-over-year."

Mr. Sandbrook concluded, "We continue to focus on executing our strategic plan. Our second quarter results represent a strong rebound from previous weather-impacted quarters, and we expect a continuing positive trend as the year progresses. The fundamentals remain strong in all of the markets that we serve, and we are very excited about the future."

OPERATING RESULTS

READY-MIXED CONCRETE SEGMENT

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
<i>(in thousands, except average sales price)</i>				
Ready-mixed Concrete Segment:				
Revenue	\$ 350,027	\$ 310,122	\$ 639,267	\$ 585,578
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 51,795	\$ 49,646	\$ 92,762	\$ 91,150

Ready-mixed Concrete Data:

Average sales price ("ASP") per cubic yard	\$ 133.03	\$ 134.43	\$ 134.79	\$ 134.36
Sales volume in cubic yards	2,624	2,304	4,719	4,353

Revenue from the ready-mixed concrete segment increased \$39.9 million, or 12.9%, compared to the prior year second quarter, driven by 5.0% organic volume growth and contributions from our acquisitions. The Company's ready-mixed concrete sales volume increased 13.9% compared to the prior year second quarter. Solid contributions from recently acquired operations in California, New York, Texas and Philadelphia also benefited the second quarter. Ready-mixed concrete backlog at the end of the 2018 second quarter was a record 8.3 million cubic yards, up 9.8% compared to the end of the prior year second quarter and up 5.5% compared to 2017 year-end.

AGGREGATE PRODUCTS SEGMENT

<i>(in thousands, except average sales price)</i>	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Aggregate Products Segment:				
Sales to external customers ⁽¹⁾	\$ 35,065	\$ 12,036	\$ 59,791	\$ 21,333
Intersegment sales ⁽¹⁾	13,449	10,730	22,884	19,257
Total aggregate products revenue ⁽¹⁾	<u>\$ 48,514</u>	<u>\$ 22,766</u>	<u>\$ 82,675</u>	<u>\$ 40,590</u>
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	\$ 12,237	\$ 8,674	\$ 16,913	\$ 12,671
Aggregates Products Data:				
Average sales price ("ASP") per ton ⁽²⁾	\$ 11.11	\$ 12.86	\$ 11.03	\$ 12.73
Sales volume in tons	3,055	1,529	5,189	2,775

(1) During the quarter ended June 30, 2018, the Company re-characterized the results of its Polaris distribution operations, which include shipping and terminal operations, to the aggregate products segment from other products and eliminations. This change was made to better reflect how the Polaris business is viewed and operated by management and more closely aligns the reporting with how the Company manages and reports its other aggregate products operations. As a result of this change, certain first quarter amounts have been reclassified from those previously reported.

(2) The Company's calculation of the aggregate products segment ASP excludes certain other ancillary revenue and Polaris's freight revenue. The Company defines revenue for its aggregate products ASP calculation as amounts billed to external and internal customers for coarse and fine aggregate products, excluding delivery charges. The Company's definition and calculation of ASP may differ from other companies in the construction materials industry.

Aggregate products sales volume increased 99.8% compared to the prior year second quarter, predominantly as a result of acquisitions, especially the acquisition of Polaris Materials ("Polaris"). Aggregate products Adjusted EBITDA of \$12.2 million in the second quarter increased \$3.5 million compared to the prior year second quarter primarily related to higher sales volumes resulting from acquisitions. The recent acquisitions of Corbett Sand & Gravel and Polaris have resulted in a change in product mix, which has resulted in an overall lower average ASP for the segment.

CONSOLIDATED SECOND QUARTER 2018 RESULTS COMPARED TO SECOND QUARTER 2017

Consolidated revenue increased 18.6% compared to the prior year second quarter resulting from organic and acquisition-related growth. During the 2018 second quarter, operating income was \$30.6 million compared to \$30.3 million in the second quarter of 2017, with an operating income margin of 7.6% compared to 8.9% in the second quarter of 2017.

Selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A") as a percentage of revenue were 7.9% in the 2018 second quarter compared to 8.9% in the prior year second quarter. SG&A increased \$1.7 million, or 5.5%, for the quarter ended June 30, 2018, in comparison to the corresponding 2017 quarter. The increase resulted from various factors, including the impact of additional SG&A from recent acquisitions, increased personnel-related costs to support our growth initiatives and acquisition strategy and increased marketing expenses.

During the 2018 second quarter, our income from continuing operations was \$16.3 million, as compared to a loss from continuing operations of \$2.2 million in the 2017 second quarter. The 2018 second quarter included a \$1.3 million loss on impairment of assets for two properties held for sale that are no longer seen as core to the Company's strategic objectives. The 2017 second quarter included a \$15.8 million non-cash derivative loss resulting from fair value changes in the Company's warrants that expired on August 31, 2017.

BALANCE SHEET AND LIQUIDITY

Net cash provided by operating activities in the second quarter was \$21.9 million, compared to net cash provided by operating activities in the prior year second quarter of \$23.6 million. The reduction in net cash provided by operating activities in the second quarter of 2018 primarily related to changes in working capital. The Company's Adjusted Free Cash Flow in the second quarter was \$10.9 million, which primarily reflects the impact of working capital changes and increased purchases of property, plant and equipment, as compared to \$16.6 million in the prior year second quarter. Adjusted Free Cash Flow is a non-GAAP financial measure. Please refer to the definitions, reconciliations and other information at the end of this

press release.

At June 30, 2018, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$21.5 million and total debt of \$750.5 million, resulting in Net Debt of \$729.0 million. Net Debt increased by \$58.3 million from December 31, 2017, largely as a result of the successful deployment of capital for the continued execution of our acquisition strategy and capital expenditures for plant equipment to support the growing demands in our markets. The Company had \$173.6 million of unused availability under its revolving credit facility at June 30, 2018, resulting in total liquidity of \$195.1 million. Net Debt is a non-GAAP financial measure. Please refer to the definitions, reconciliations and other information at the end of this press release.

OUTLOOK FOR 2018

U.S. Concrete expects the following results for 2018:

<u>Category</u>	<u>2018 Guidance</u>	
	<u>Low</u>	<u>High</u>
Consolidated revenue	\$1.52 billion	\$1.62 billion
Total Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	\$215 million	\$232 million

(1) Because certain GAAP financial measures on a forward-looking basis are not accessible, and reconciling information is not available without unreasonable effort, we have not provided reconciliations for forward-looking non-GAAP measures.

CONFERENCE CALL AND WEBCAST DETAILS

U.S. Concrete will host a conference call on Tuesday, August 7, 2018 at 10:00 a.m. Eastern Time (9:00 a.m. Central Time), to review its second quarter 2018 results. To participate in the call, please dial (877) 312-8806 – Conference ID: 5599344 at least ten minutes before the conference call begins and ask for the U.S. Concrete conference call.

A live webcast will be available on the Investor Relations section of the Company's website at www.us-concrete.com. Please visit the website at least 15 minutes before the call begins to register, download and install any necessary audio software. A replay of the conference call and archive of the webcast will be available shortly after the call on the Investor Relations section of the Company's website at www.us-concrete.com.

ABOUT U.S. CONCRETE

U.S. Concrete, Inc. (NASDAQ: USCR) is a leading supplier of concrete and aggregates for large-scale commercial, residential and infrastructure projects across the country. The Company holds leading market positions in the high growth metropolitan markets of New York, San Francisco, Dallas-Fort Worth and Washington, D.C., and its materials have been used in some of the most complex and highly specialized construction projects of the last decade. U.S. Concrete has continued to grow organically and through a series of strategic acquisitions of independent producers in our target markets.

For more information on U.S. Concrete, visit www.us-concrete.com.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements and information provided in this press release are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These forward-looking statements include, without limitation, statements concerning plans, objectives, goals, projections, outlook, strategies, future events or performance, and underlying assumptions and other statements, which are not statements of historical facts. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," "intend," "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "outlook," "predict," "potential" or "continue," the negative of such terms or other comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements, which are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us, may include projections of our future financial performance, our anticipated growth strategies and anticipated trends in our business. These statements are predictions based on our current expectations and projections about future events which we believe are reasonable. Actual events or results may differ materially.

By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties because they relate to events and depend on circumstances that may or may not occur in the future. We believe that these risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: general economic and business conditions, which will, among other things, affect demand for new residential and commercial construction; our ability to successfully identify, manage, and integrate acquisitions; the cyclical nature of, and changes in, the real estate and construction markets, including pricing changes by our competitors; governmental requirements and initiatives, including those related to mortgage lending, financing or deductions, funding for public or infrastructure construction, land usage, and environmental, health, and safety matters; disruptions, uncertainties or volatility in the credit markets that may limit our, our suppliers' and our customers' access to capital; our ability to successfully implement our operating strategy; weather conditions; our substantial indebtedness and the restrictions imposed on us by the terms of our indebtedness; the effects of currency fluctuations on our results of operations and financial condition; our ability to maintain favorable relationships with third parties who supply us with equipment and essential supplies; our ability to retain key personnel and maintain satisfactory labor relations; and product liability, property damage, results of litigation and other claims and insurance coverage issues.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. Moreover, neither we nor any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of the forward-looking statements. All written and oral forward-looking statements made in connection with this press release that are attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K and our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We are under no duty to update any of the forward-looking statements after the date of this press release to conform such statements to actual results or to changes in our expectations, except as required by federal securities laws. There can be no assurance that other factors will not affect the accuracy of these forward-looking statements or that our actual results will not differ materially from the results anticipated in such forward-looking statements. Unpredictable or unknown factors we have not discussed in this press release also could have material effects on actual results or matters that are the subject of our forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to, and do not intend to, update our description of important factors each time a potential important factor arises.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Included in this press release are certain non-GAAP financial measures that we believe are useful for investors. These non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures other companies report and are not intended to be used as an alternative to any measure of our performance in accordance with GAAP.

Reconciliations and definitions of the non-GAAP measures used in this press release are included at the end of this press release. Because certain GAAP financial measures on a forward-looking basis are not accessible, and reconciling information is not available without unreasonable effort, we have not provided reconciliations for forward-looking non-GAAP measures.

(Tables Follow)

U.S. CONCRETE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)
(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenue	\$ 404,200	\$ 340,926	\$ 731,987	\$ 640,059
Cost of goods sold before depreciation, depletion and amortization	320,238	263,574	587,470	499,333
Selling, general and administrative expenses	31,875	30,200	64,151	56,017
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	22,142	16,350	42,717	32,209
Change in value of contingent consideration	(1,626)	720	(1,258)	1,328
Impairment of assets	1,299	—	1,299	—
Gain on sale of assets, net	(371)	(198)	(561)	(390)
Operating income	30,643	30,280	38,169	51,562
Interest expense, net	11,514	10,368	22,823	20,510
Derivative loss	—	15,766	—	13,910
Other income, net	(1,441)	(596)	(3,060)	(1,304)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	20,570	4,742	18,406	18,446
Income tax expense	4,292	6,911	5,944	13,613
Income (loss) from continuing operations	16,278	(2,169)	12,462	4,833
Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes	—	(180)	—	(302)
Net income (loss)	16,278	(2,349)	12,462	4,531
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interest	(13)	—	(55)	—
Net income (loss) attributable to U.S. Concrete	<u>\$ 16,265</u>	<u>\$ (2,349)</u>	<u>\$ 12,407</u>	<u>\$ 4,531</u>
Basic income (loss) per share attributable to U.S. Concrete:				
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 0.99	\$ (0.14)	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.31
Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes	—	(0.01)	—	(0.02)
Net income (loss) per share attributable to U.S. Concrete - basic	<u>\$ 0.99</u>	<u>\$ (0.15)</u>	<u>\$ 0.75</u>	<u>\$ 0.29</u>
Diluted income (loss) per share attributable to U.S. Concrete:				
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 0.99	\$ (0.14)	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.29
Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes	—	(0.01)	—	(0.02)
Net income (loss) per share attributable to U.S. Concrete - diluted	<u>\$ 0.99</u>	<u>\$ (0.15)</u>	<u>\$ 0.75</u>	<u>\$ 0.27</u>
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic	<u>16,477</u>	<u>15,703</u>	<u>16,450</u>	<u>15,601</u>
Diluted	<u>16,506</u>	<u>15,703</u>	<u>16,518</u>	<u>16,531</u>

U.S. CONCRETE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(in thousands)

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
	(Unaudited)	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,511	\$ 22,581
Trade accounts receivable, net	247,634	214,221
Inventories	48,784	48,085
Prepaid expenses	8,281	5,297
Other receivables	12,197	19,191
Other current assets	7,282	2,310
Total current assets	<u>345,689</u>	<u>311,685</u>
Property, plant and equipment, net	674,192	636,268
Goodwill	217,316	204,731

Intangible assets, net	122,187	118,123
Other assets	7,191	5,327
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,366,575</u>	<u>\$ 1,276,134</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 130,279	\$ 117,070
Accrued liabilities	85,928	65,420
Current maturities of long-term debt	28,753	25,951
Total current liabilities	<u>244,960</u>	<u>208,441</u>
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	721,801	667,385
Other long-term obligations and deferred credits	78,523	93,341
Deferred income taxes	3,493	4,825
Total liabilities	<u>1,048,777</u>	<u>973,992</u>
Commitments and contingencies		
Equity:		
Preferred stock	—	—
Common stock	18	18
Additional paid-in capital	324,243	319,016
Accumulated deficit	(1,377)	(13,784)
Treasury stock, at cost	(26,668)	(24,799)
Total shareholders' equity	<u>296,216</u>	<u>280,451</u>
Non-controlling interest	21,582	21,691
Total equity	<u>317,798</u>	<u>302,142</u>
Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$ 1,366,575</u>	<u>\$ 1,276,134</u>

U.S. CONCRETE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)
(in thousands)

	Six Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2018	2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 12,462	\$ 4,531
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	42,717	32,209
Amortization of debt issuance costs	909	1,041
Amortization of discount on long-term incentive plan and other accrued interest	285	374
Amortization of premium on long-term debt	(775)	(775)
Derivative loss	—	13,910
Change in value of contingent consideration	(1,258)	1,328
Net gain on disposal of assets	(561)	(390)
Impairment of assets	1,299	—
Deferred income taxes	(177)	4,816
Provision for doubtful accounts and customer disputes	2,007	1,896
Stock-based compensation	5,149	4,253
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	(67)	—
Changes in assets and liabilities, excluding effects of acquisitions:		
Accounts receivable	(35,523)	(12,856)
Inventories	(25)	(1,942)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,434	98
Other assets and liabilities	(1,276)	(22)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	20,260	4,684
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>47,860</u>	<u>53,155</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(20,837)	(18,692)
Payments for acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(61,111)	(32,836)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	1,085	841
Proceeds from disposal of businesses	158	873
Insurance proceeds from property loss claims	2,134	—
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(78,571)</u>	<u>(49,814)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from revolver borrowings	228,613	—
Repayments of revolver borrowings	(177,213)	—
Proceeds from issuance of debt	—	211,500
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and warrants	78	494
Payments of other long-term obligations	(3,540)	(4,536)
Payments for other financing	(13,709)	(8,778)

Debt issuance costs	—	(3,231)
Other treasury share purchases	(1,869)	(2,825)
Payments to non-controlling interest	(249)	—
Other proceeds	464	—
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>32,575</u>	<u>192,624</u>
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(98)	—
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH	1,766	195,965
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	<u>22,581</u>	<u>75,774</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH AT END OF PERIOD	<u>\$ 24,347</u>	<u>\$ 271,739</u>

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES
(Unaudited)

Total Adjusted EBITDA and Total Adjusted EBITDA Margin

Total Adjusted EBITDA and Total Adjusted EBITDA Margin are non-GAAP financial measures. We define Total Adjusted EBITDA as our income (loss) from continuing operations, excluding the impact of income tax expense (benefit), depreciation, depletion and amortization, net interest expense, loss on extinguishment of debt, derivative (income) loss, non-cash change in value of contingent consideration, impairment of assets, hurricane-related losses, net of recoveries, quarry dredge costs for specific event, purchase accounting adjustments for inventory, foreign currency losses resulting from Polaris acquisition, non-cash stock compensation expense, acquisition-related costs and officer transition expenses. Acquisition-related costs consist of fees and expenses for accountants, lawyers and other professionals incurred during the negotiation and closing of strategic acquisitions and certain acquired entities' management severance costs. Acquisition-related costs do not include fees or expenses associated with post-closing integration of strategic acquisitions. We define Total Adjusted EBITDA Margin as the amount determined by dividing Total Adjusted EBITDA by total revenue. We have included Total Adjusted EBITDA and Total Adjusted EBITDA Margin herein because they are widely used by investors for valuation and comparing our financial performance with the performance of other building material companies. We also use Total Adjusted EBITDA and Total Adjusted EBITDA Margin to monitor and compare the financial performance of our operations. Total Adjusted EBITDA does not give effect to the cash we must use to service our debt or pay our income taxes and thus does not reflect the funds actually available for capital expenditures. In addition, our presentation of Total Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures other companies report. Total Adjusted EBITDA and Total Adjusted EBITDA Margin are not intended to be used as an alternative to any measure of our performance in accordance with GAAP. The following table reconciles Total Adjusted EBITDA to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, which is income (loss) from continuing operations (in thousands).

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Total Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation				
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 16,278	\$ (2,169)	\$ 12,462	\$ 4,833
Add: Income tax expense	4,292	6,911	5,944	13,613
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	20,570	4,742	18,406	18,446
Add: Depreciation, depletion and amortization	22,142	16,350	42,717	32,209
Add: Interest expense, net	11,514	10,368	22,823	20,510
Add: Derivative loss	—	15,766	—	13,910
Add/subtract: Non-cash change in value of contingent consideration	(1,626)	720	(1,258)	1,328
Add: Impairment of assets	1,299	—	1,299	—
Less: Hurricane-related losses, net of recoveries	(500)	—	(193)	—
Add: Quarry dredge costs for specific event	365	—	556	—
Add: Purchase accounting adjustments for inventory	—	—	706	—
Add: Non-cash stock compensation expense	2,977	2,634	5,149	4,253
Add: Acquisition-related costs	975	2,414	3,514	2,827
Add: Officer transition expenses	—	—	—	584
Total Adjusted EBITDA	<u>\$ 57,716</u>	<u>\$ 52,994</u>	<u>\$ 93,719</u>	<u>\$ 94,067</u>
Income (loss) from continuing operations margin	4.0 %	(0.6) %	1.7 %	0.8 %
Total Adjusted EBITDA Margin	14.3 %	15.5 %	12.8 %	14.7 %

Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Margin

Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Margin are non-GAAP financial measures. We define Adjusted Gross Profit as our operating income (loss), excluding the impact of depreciation, depletion and amortization ("DD&A"), selling, general and administrative expenses, impairment of assets, change in value of contingent consideration, hurricane-related losses in COGS before DD&A, purchase accounting adjustments for inventory, quarry dredge costs for specific event, and loss (gain) on disposal of assets, net. We define Adjusted Gross Margin as the amount determined by dividing Adjusted Gross Profit by total revenue. We have included Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Margin herein because they are widely used by investors for valuing and comparing our financial performance from period to period. We also use Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Margin to monitor and compare the financial performance of our operations. Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Margin are not intended to be used as an alternative to any measure of our performance in accordance with GAAP. The following table reconciles Adjusted Gross Profit to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, which is operating income (in thousands).

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Adjusted Gross Profit Reconciliation				
Operating income	\$ 30,643	\$ 30,280	\$ 38,169	\$ 51,562

Add: Depreciation, depletion and amortization	22,142	16,350	42,717	32,209
Add: Selling, general and administrative expenses	31,875	30,200	64,151	56,017
Add: Impairment of assets	1,299	—	1,299	—
Add/subtract: Change in value of contingent consideration	(1,626)	720	(1,258)	1,328
Add: Hurricane-related losses in COGS before DD&A	—	—	277	—
Add: Quarry dredge costs for specific event	365	—	556	—
Add: Purchase accounting adjustments for inventory	—	—	706	—
Less: Gain on disposal of assets, net	(371)	(198)	(561)	(390)
Adjusted Gross Profit (non-GAAP)	<u>\$ 84,327</u>	<u>\$ 77,352</u>	<u>\$ 146,056</u>	<u>\$ 140,726</u>
Operating income margin	7.6 %	8.9 %	5.2 %	8.1 %
Adjusted Gross Margin (non-GAAP)	20.9 %	22.7 %	20.0 %	22.0 %

Adjusted SG&A and Adjusted SG&A as a Percentage of Revenue

Adjusted selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A") and Adjusted SG&A as a percentage of revenue are non-GAAP financial measures. We define Adjusted SG&A as selling, general and administrative expenses, excluding the impact of non-cash stock compensation expense, acquisition-related costs, officer transition expenses and hurricane-related losses. We define Adjusted SG&A as a percentage of revenue as Adjusted SG&A divided by total revenue. We have included Adjusted SG&A and Adjusted SG&A as a percentage of revenue herein because they are used by investors to compare our SG&A leverage with the performance of other building materials companies. We use Adjusted SG&A and Adjusted SG&A as a percentage of revenue to monitor and compare the financial performance of our operations. Adjusted SG&A and Adjusted SG&A as a percentage of revenue are not intended to be used as an alternative to any measure of our performance under GAAP. The following table reconciles Adjusted SG&A to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, which is SG&A (in thousands).

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Adjusted SG&A				
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 31,875	\$ 30,200	\$ 64,151	\$ 56,017
Less: Non-cash stock compensation expense	(2,977)	(2,634)	(5,149)	(4,253)
Less: Acquisition-related costs	(975)	(2,414)	(3,514)	(2,827)
Less: Officer transition expenses	—	—	—	(584)
Less: Hurricane-related losses	—	—	(30)	—
Adjusted SG&A (non-GAAP)	<u>\$ 27,923</u>	<u>\$ 25,152</u>	<u>\$ 55,458</u>	<u>\$ 48,353</u>
SG&A as a percentage of revenues	7.9 %	8.9 %	8.8 %	8.8 %
Adjusted SG&A as a percentage of revenues (non-GAAP)	6.9 %	7.4 %	7.6 %	7.6 %

Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete and Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete per Diluted Share

Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete and Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete per Diluted Share are non-GAAP financial measures. We define Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete as net income (loss) attributable to U.S. Concrete, excluding the impact of loss (income) from discontinued operations, net of taxes, income tax expense (benefit), derivative (income) loss, non-cash change in value of contingent consideration, impairment of assets, hurricane-related losses, quarry dredge costs for specific event, purchase accounting adjustments for inventory, non-cash stock compensation expense, acquisition-related costs, and officer transition expenses. We also adjust Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete for a normalized effective income tax rate of 26%. We define Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete per Diluted Share as Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete on a diluted per share basis. Acquisition-related costs consist of fees and expenses for accountants, lawyers and other professionals incurred during the negotiation and closing of strategic acquisitions and certain acquired entities' management severance costs. Acquisition-related costs do not include fees or expenses associated with post-closing integration of strategic acquisitions.

We have included Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete and Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete per Diluted Share herein because they are used by investors for valuation and comparing our financial performance with the performance of other building material companies. We use Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete and Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete per Diluted Share to monitor and compare the financial performance of our operations. Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete and Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete per Diluted Share are not intended to be used as an alternative to any measure of our performance in accordance with GAAP.

The following tables reconcile (i) Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, which is net income (loss) attributable to U.S. Concrete and (ii) Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete per Diluted Share to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, which is net income (loss) attributable to U.S. Concrete per diluted share (in thousands, except per share amounts).

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete Reconciliation				
Net income (loss) attributable to U.S. Concrete	\$ 16,265	\$ (2,349)	\$ 12,407	\$ 4,531
Add: Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes	—	180	—	302

Add: Income tax expense	4,292	6,911	5,944	13,613
Adjusted income from continuing operations before income taxes	20,557	4,742	18,351	18,446
Add: Derivative loss	—	15,766	—	13,910
Add/subtract: Non-cash change in value of contingent consideration	(1,626)	720	(1,258)	1,328
Add: Impairment of assets	1,299	—	1,299	—
Less: Hurricane-related losses, net of recoveries	(500)	—	(193)	—
Add: Quarry dredge costs for specific event	365	—	556	—
Add: Purchase accounting adjustments for inventory	—	—	706	—
Add: Non-cash stock compensation expense	2,977	2,634	5,149	4,253
Add: Acquisition-related costs	975	2,414	3,514	2,827
Add: Officer transition expenses	—	—	—	584
Adjusted income from continuing operations before income taxes	24,047	26,276	28,124	41,348
Less: Normalized income tax expense ⁽¹⁾	6,252	6,832	7,312	10,750
Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete (non-GAAP)	<u>\$ 17,795</u>	<u>\$ 19,444</u>	<u>\$ 20,812</u>	<u>\$ 30,598</u>

(1) Assumes a normalized effective tax rate of 26% in both periods.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017 ⁽¹⁾	2018	2017
Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete per Diluted Share Reconciliation				
Net income (loss) attributable to U.S. Concrete per diluted share	\$ 0.99	\$ (0.15)	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.27
Add: Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes per diluted share	—	0.01	—	0.02
Add: Income tax expense per diluted share	0.26	0.43	0.36	0.83
Adjusted income from continuing operations before income taxes per diluted share	1.25	0.29	1.11	1.12
Less: Impact of derivative loss	—	0.95	—	0.84
Add/subtract: Impact of non-cash change in value of contingent consideration	(0.10)	0.04	(0.08)	0.08
Add: Impact of impairment of assets	0.08	—	0.08	—
Less: Impact of hurricane-related losses, net of recoveries	(0.03)	—	(0.01)	—
Add: Impact of quarry dredge costs for specific event	0.02	—	0.03	—
Add: Impact of purchase accounting adjustments for inventory	—	—	0.04	—
Add: Impact of non-cash stock compensation expense	0.18	0.16	0.31	0.26
Add: Impact of acquisition-related costs	0.06	0.15	0.22	0.17
Add: Impact of officer transition expenses	—	—	—	0.03
Adjusted income from continuing operations before income taxes	1.46	1.59	1.70	2.50
Less: Normalized income tax expense ⁽²⁾	0.38	0.41	0.44	0.65
Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete per Diluted Share (non-GAAP)	<u>\$ 1.08</u>	<u>\$ 1.18</u>	<u>\$ 1.26</u>	<u>\$ 1.85</u>

(1) Net loss per diluted share for the three months ended June 30, 2017 excluded common stock equivalents of 0.8 million shares from our warrants, options and restricted stock as their impact was anti-dilutive based on the net loss for the period; however, these common stock equivalents were included in Adjusted Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to U.S. Concrete per Diluted Share.

(2) Assumes a normalized effective tax rate of 26% in both periods.

Adjusted Free Cash Flow

Adjusted Free Cash Flow is a non-GAAP financial measure. We define Adjusted Free Cash Flow as net cash provided by operating activities less purchases of property, plant and equipment, plus proceeds from the disposals of property, plant and equipment, proceeds from disposal of businesses and insurance proceeds from property loss claims. We consider Adjusted Free Cash Flow to be an important indicator of our ability to service our debt and generate cash for acquisitions and other strategic investments. However, Adjusted Free Cash Flow is not intended to be used as an alternative to any measure of our liquidity in accordance with GAAP. The following table reconciles Adjusted Free Cash Flow to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, which is net cash provided by operating activities (in thousands).

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Adjusted Free Cash Flow Reconciliation				
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 21,924	\$ 23,611	\$ 47,860	\$ 53,155
Less: Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(12,462)	(7,974)	(20,837)	(18,692)
Add: Proceeds from the disposals of property, plant and equipment	823	356	1,085	841
Add: Proceeds from disposal of businesses	86	579	158	873
Add: Insurance proceeds from property loss claims	500	—	2,134	—
Adjusted Free Cash Flow (non-GAAP)	<u>\$ 10,871</u>	<u>\$ 16,572</u>	<u>\$ 30,400</u>	<u>\$ 36,177</u>

Net Debt

Net Debt is a non-GAAP financial measure. We define Net Debt as total debt, including current maturities and capital lease obligations, less cash and cash equivalents. We believe that Net Debt is useful to investors as a measure of our financial position. We use Net Debt to monitor and compare our financial position from period to period. However, Net Debt is not intended to be used as an alternative to any measure of our financial position in accordance with GAAP. The following table reconciles Net Debt to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, which is total debt, including current maturities and capital lease obligations (in thousands).

	<u>As of</u> <u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>As of</u> <u>December 31, 2017</u>
Net Debt Reconciliation		
Total debt, including current maturities and capital lease obligations	\$ 750,554	\$ 693,336
Less: cash and cash equivalents	<u>21,511</u>	<u>22,581</u>
Net Debt (non-GAAP)	<u>\$ 729,043</u>	<u>\$ 670,755</u>

Net Debt to Total Adjusted EBITDA

Net Debt to Total Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. We define Net Debt to Total Adjusted EBITDA as Net Debt divided by Total Adjusted EBITDA for the applicable last twelve-month period. We define Total Adjusted EBITDA as our income (loss) from continuing operations, excluding the impact of income tax expense (benefit), depreciation, depletion and amortization, net interest expense, loss on extinguishment of debt, derivative (income) loss, non-cash change in value of contingent consideration, impairment of assets, hurricane-related losses, quarry dredge costs for specific event, purchase accounting adjustments for inventory, foreign currency losses resulting from Polaris acquisition, non-cash stock compensation expense, acquisition-related costs and officer transition expenses. We believe that Net Debt to Total Adjusted EBITDA is useful to investors as a measure of our financial position. We use this measure to monitor and compare our financial position from period to period. However, Net Debt to Total Adjusted EBITDA is not intended to be used as an alternative to any measure of our financial position in accordance with GAAP. The following table presents our calculation of Net Debt to Total Adjusted EBITDA and the most directly comparable GAAP ratio, which is total debt to last twelve months ("LTM") income from continuing operations (in thousands).

	<u>Twelve Month Period</u> <u>July 1, 2017 to</u> <u>June 30, 2018</u>
Total Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation	
Income from continuing operations	\$ 33,895
Add: Income tax expense	<u>4,767</u>
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	38,662
Add: Depreciation, depletion and amortization	78,306
Add: Interest expense, net	44,270
Add: Loss on extinguishment of debt	60
Less: Derivative income	(13,119)
Add: Non-cash change in value of contingent consideration	5,324
Add: Impairment of goodwill and other assets	7,537
Add: Hurricane-related losses, net of recoveries	2,845
Add: Quarry dredge costs for specific event	3,946
Add: Purchase accounting adjustments for inventory	1,993
Add: Foreign currency losses resulting from Polaris acquisition	1,949
Add: Non-cash stock compensation expense	9,181
Add: Acquisition-related costs	10,819
Add: Officer transition expenses	<u>200</u>
Total Adjusted EBITDA	<u>\$ 191,973</u>
Net Debt	<u>\$ 729,043</u>
Total debt to LTM income from continuing operations	22.14x
Net Debt to Total Adjusted EBITDA as of June 30, 2018 (non-GAAP)	3.8x

Source: USCR-E

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